

دورخانه امین، دمشق

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# Rightist Lebanese menace village

Rightist Lebanese forces have been intensifying their attacks on a village in the south of Beirut since the area district commissioner said today. Commissioner Ghassan Haider told reporters that the village had been under attack since the move was reported in Beirut as indicating that the predominantly Christian militiamen in the area, who control a 10-km belt of territory along the Israeli border, their zone of influence. The village, a day after the Lebanese army despatched six cars and two men to liaise with troops in the area. The rightist militiamen have refused to accept control by the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL).

# JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation  
جوردين تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية «الراي»

## Gush abandon roadside campsite

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Jan. 9 (R)—Members of the ultra-nationalist Gush Emunim (Faith Bloc) have abandoned their roadside camp at an army roadblock on the occupied West Bank after being assured they will be allowed to settle where they want, their spokesman said. They said the 25 families had accepted a government promise to allow them to set up a new Jewish settlement near Nablus, the largest Arab town on the West Bank, but added that some points still remained to be clarified. They denied that a sudden cold spell, accompanied by strong winds and torrential rain, had driven them yesterday from the camp they set up at the roadblock near Nablus nine days ago. Officials declined to confirm press reports that the ministerial defence committee had agreed on Sunday to allow the families to set up a new village.

Page 4, Number 951

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY JANUARY 10, 1979 — SAFAR 11, 1399

Price: Jordan 80 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

## Key minister declines post Bakhtiar faces crisis

IRAN, Jan. 9 (R)—Iran's fledgling government was plunged into a major crisis today, with its key minister declining to take over the portfolio. A senior political source said that army general Ferioun had turned down the war ministry portfolio. Jan. 65, a onetime army leader, was the best-known in the 14-man cabinet named last Saturday by President Bakhtiar. He had expected to act as broker between the new government and the Shah and the Iranian military on the sources said the reason for Jam's decision was not clear. He was expected to return for three days to his home in Iran, which he left last Saturday, apparently to take over the ministry.

In an interview published in London today by the Financial Times, Dr. Bakhtiar said Iran is to revise all its current and future military contracts and cancel those completely contrary to its interests. Dr. Bakhtiar was quoted as saying his government's defence priority would be to defend the country's borders and Iran would never again act as the policeman of the Gulf. He said he would try to respect military contracts already signed but many would have to be cancelled in any case. The new prime minister also said the Shah would need at least 10 days before he left the country, but declined to be drawn on his long-term future. He said an eight-member regency council would be convened shortly. The Financial Times quoted Dr. Bakhtiar as saying some executions were likely in the near future for state reasons, and elections would take place within six months. The Shah meanwhile appointed a diehard royalist army officer as commander of the Imperial Ground Forces. Gen. Abdul Ali Badrei who replaces Gen. Gholam Ali Oveissi, was commander of the Imperial Javidan Guard, an elite force with the sole task of guarding the royal family. It was not

immediately known whether he would retain that post in addition to his new job. There was still no indication of when the Shah might take a holiday abroad, as he has said he would like to do. But Gen. Jam's refusal to join the civilian government, coupled with a press report quoting a top Iranian army general as saying the army did not want the Shah to leave, raised the spectre of a possible military coup. The report in a French newspaper quoted Gen. Manusher Khosrood as saying that Dr. Bakhtiar would be "digging his own grave" if he allowed the Shah to leave Iran and that the monarch's departure, even for a holiday, was out of the question at present. The Shah's main religious opponent, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, said in an interview published in Paris today that there might be a military coup in Iran. But the 78-year-old Shi'ite Moslem leader told the French newspaper Le Monde that his followers would resist any coup d'etat and fight until an Islamic government was installed in Tehran. He told Le Monde that if his followers succeeded, he would nominate a committee to act as an interim government and organise elections to a national assembly. "We will propose a candidate as president of the republic and he will then have to be elected by the people. Once elected, we will support him," he said. The Ayatollah added that he would not seek political office himself but would continue to act as "the nation's guide."



Photos show members of the Iranian cabinet under Prime Minister Shapur Bakhtiar. Left to right: (top row) Dr. Bakhtiar; Abaqoli Bakhtiar (industry and mines); Lutfali Samini (PTT); (second row) Javad Khatam Ahmadabadi, position unknown; Cyrus Amuzegar (minister of state in charge of information and tourism); Manuchehr Razmeh (health); (third row) Manuchehr Kazemi (agriculture and rural development); Manuchehr Arvama (labour and social welfare); Mohammad Yazdi (deputy premier for administration and finance); (bottom row) Yahya Sadeq Vaziri (justice); Rostam Pirastah (economic affairs and finance) and Mohammad Amin Riahi (education). (AP wirephoto)

## Barazani's son escapes gunmen's attack

GENNA, Jan. 9 (R)—Two Kurdish exiles were shot and slightly injured last night in an apparent attack on the son of a Kurdish nationalist leader, police said today. Kurdish emigre sources said an attack at a Vienna suburban flat was directed against Masoud Barazani, aged about 35, and may have been politically motivated. Barazani, in Vienna for several weeks on a private visit, was identified as the son of Mullah Mustapha Barazani, who led a 1-year armed struggle by Kurdish rebels in Northern Iraq that collapsed in 1975 when Iran agreed to halt military backing for the movement.

## Qatari crown prince to visit Tunisia

DHA, Jan. 9 (R)—Qatar's heir apparent and defence minister Sheikh Hamad Bin Khalifa Al Thani today received an invitation to visit Tunisia, at a date to be fixed later, from Tunisian Premier Mehdi Ben Ismail, officials here said. The invitation was conveyed by a Tunisian ambassador in Doha Mr. Abdel Razek Shata.

## Neo-fascists set Rome left-wing radio alight

ROME, Jan. 9 (R)—Masked gunmen burst into a private, extreme left-wing radio station here today, wounded two employees and set the studio, lit with petrol bombs, police said. Hospital sources said one woman with chest wounds was in a serious condition. No arrests have been made but police reported finding a car used by the gunmen. Listeners to Radio Future City—a privately-owned station with an extreme left-wing policy—heard a presenter break off to shout "help, help, they are killing us." Then there was an explosion. At midday, a caller to the same newspaper ETempo said: "We are fascists, we are responsible for the attack." "Honour to our dead comrades," the caller added in an apparent reference to three neo-fascist youths killed in left-wing extremists in January 1978. The anniversary has been marked by a series of rightist bombings and shootings in the last few days.

## 8 jailed in Tehran for 'spying'

TEHRAN, Jan. 9 (R)—Eight people are being held at a jail in north Tehran for alleged spying for the Soviet Union, a newspaper said today. Officials made the disclosure while denying a report that 220 people were being illegally held in the prison, a newspaper said.

## Canada's opposition leader ends Tokyo visit

TOKYO, Jan. 9 (R)—Canadian opposition leader Joe Clark continued his Japanese foreign minister Sumo Sonoda and international trade and industry minister Masumi Esaki here today, press officials said. Mr. Clark talked about the prospect that a Progressive Conservative Party might win in the next general election expected to be held later this year, the officials said. He also exchanged views on trade and other relations between Japan and Canada, their economic policies and unemployment problems, they said. The Canadian politician arrived here on Sunday on a fact-finding tour.

## Nixon-nominated for "Grammy" award

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 9 (R)—Former President Richard Nixon has been nominated for a "Grammy" award for the best spoken word recording. The nomination is for the interviews he gave to television interviewer David Frost. The winner will be announced next month.

## Israel agrees to review security arrangements in Sinai — Cairo's Al Akhbar

CAIRO, Jan. 9 (R)—Israel has agreed to review security arrangements in Sinai five years after the signing of an Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty, the mass circulation newspaper Al Akhbar said today. In a front-page article on the peace talks, editor Moussa Sabri said Israeli foreign minister Moshe Dayan has agreed to recent contacts that this amendment can be possible five years after the peace treaty is signed or any time after that if requested by either side.

Mr. Sabri did not specify when or where Mr. Dayan agreed to review the security arrangements, one of the problems blocking progress in the talks. "There is no point in resuming the talks if Israel continues to reject Egyptian-American interpretations that will be attached to the treaty," Mr. Sabri said. "Egypt does not want the future talks to go into a vicious circle." Mr. Sabri said ways for the U.S. to restart the talks included bilateral negotiations between Mr. Dayan and U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, tripartite talks, or a visit by Mr. Vance to Israel and Egypt. Egypt rejected the idea of resuming talks at a technical level, he said. "To start the talks at a technical level would be a waste of time. There is also no need to hold them at a summit level. The only logical level then would be the ministerial level," he said. Mr. Sabri said there were basic principles that Egypt could not abandon. These were that normal dip-

## USSR and allies recognise new Cambodia regime

BANGKOK, Jan. 9 (Agencies)—The Soviet Union, Vietnam, Laos, East Germany and Afghanistan today recognised the People's Revolutionary Council, set up in Phnom Penh yesterday, as the legal government of Kampuchea (Cambodia).

The official news agency TASS said a message from Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev and Premier Alexei Kosygin described the council as "the sole legitimate government of Kampuchea." The Kremlin leaders addressed their greetings to the chairman of the eight-member council, Heng Samrin, it said. Earlier, Mr. Brezhnev promised full support for Kampuchea's new rulers and said they freed their country from foreign tyranny. The eight-member council headed by Heng Samrin announced its formation after a two-week blitzkrieg by Kampuchean rebels backed by Vietnam swept the Khmer Rouge government of Prime Minister Pol Pot out of the city on Sunday. The council claims it controls the whole of Kampuchea but western diplomatic sources in Bangkok said there were still large areas of the country, in the north, northwest, west and southwest, not in the hands of the insurgents or their Vietnamese allies. There was evidence of continued fighting close to the Thai border. Military sources reported small arms and light artillery fire during the night and an unidentified aircraft dropped three bombs on the Thai side of the frontier this afternoon. The western sources could not confirm reports of widespread air strikes in Kampuchea by the Vietnamese air force, but said they felt it likely that bombing was still going on. Former Cambodian head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk, in Tokyo on his way to the United Nations to lay charges of aggression against Vietnam on behalf of the Pol Pot government, said Vietnamese-backed forces controlled all but two Kampuchean towns but Pol Pot forces controlled the countryside. There has been no hard news of Mr. Pol Pot, his deputy prime minister Ieng Sary or other Kampuchean leaders, since they left the capital. Prince Sihanouk said in Peking, first stop on his trip to New York, that Mr. Pol Pot was still in Kampuchea and would carry out his promise to wage a guerrilla war to the end. A report by the Liaison news agency KPL said "the Pol Pot-Sary clique had to flee abroad," without saying where they had gone or how they left. One western source said "the word from Hanoi" was that Mr. Pol Pot died in the fighting, but there was no independent information on his whereabouts. Yugoslav sources said the Khmer Rouge leader was still in the country and believed to be organising cadres and troops into resistance groups to carry out his pledge of unending guerrilla-war. Mihailo Lompar, Yugoslav ambassador to Kampuchea, was one of several diplomats who crossed the border into Thailand yesterday with more than 650 Chinese describing themselves as technicians. Western diplomatic sources said they expected fighting to continue for some time but they doubted that the Pol Pot forces could protract a guerrilla war. They said they expected the main centres of resistance to be in the southwestern Cardamom mountains where Vietnamese armoured units that led the assault on Phnom Penh could not operate, and in hills in the north of the country. Meanwhile, the new people's government today urged the U.N. security council to refuse to debate the ousted regime's complaint of Vietnamese aggression, diplomatic sources at the U.N. headquarters said. A message from the Kampuchean people's revolutionary committee, the text of which was not immediately released, said the council would be intervening illegally in Kampuchea's internal affairs if it went ahead with the debate. Diplomatic sources said the telegram from Phnom Penh also cautioned the council not to accept the credentials of the delegation in New York appointed by Mr. Sary and Premier Pol Pot when it arrives tomorrow. Despite the new message from Phnom Penh, the Chinese delegation was said to be eager that the 15-nation U.N. body should take up the Kampuchea case. With Mr. Sary accusing Vietnam of serving Soviet interests in a bid to swallow up more territory, and Vietnam counter-charging that the Pol Pot government was working with China, the council debate, if it took place, would set the stage for a bitter Peking-Moscow confrontation, diplomats said. The new message from Phnom Penh made it evident that any council discussion of the question would have to be preceded by a decision on credentials—a procedural question that the council has had to overcome in many similar conflicts.

## PNC convenes Monday without West Bank representatives

DAMASCUS, Jan. 9 (R)—The Palestinian National Council, the parliament of the movement, will be convened here on Monday without the participation of representatives from the Israeli-occupied West Bank following a travel ban imposed on them by the occupation authorities, it was announced today. Council speaker Khalid Al Fahoum, making the announcement, reported that in addition to banning council members in the West Bank from travelling to the Syrian capital for the meeting, the Israeli authorities also had threatened to prevent the return of those who attended anyway. Mr. Fahoum said invitations had been sent to 293 members of the council and to a number of Arab and friendly countries, organisations and parties.

## Syria, Iraq presidents to discuss 'form of unity'

DAMASCUS, Jan. 9 (R)—The presidents of Syria and Iraq will discuss a form of unity between their countries when they meet here on Jan. 20, the Syrian government newspaper Tishrin reported today. It said the coordination between the two countries "has gone beyond the national charter of joint action...and demands the establishment of a full unity and its constitutional formulae." The charter, signed in October as part of the hard-line Arab reaction to the Israeli-Egyptian summit at Camp David, provided for military, economic and political cooperation between Syria and Iraq. Tishrin said President Hafez Al Assad of Syria and Iraqi President Ahmed Hassan Al Bakr also will discuss political developments in the Middle East and Arab efforts to meet "the Zionist and imperialist plot against the Arab Nation." The paper added that the two countries' joint political and military committee, expected to unify the Syrian and Iraqi armies, would meet as soon as the Syrian defence minister, Gen. Mustafa Tlas, had returned from his current visit to Moscow. In Damascus, official sources said today Iraq has agreed in principle to resume pumping its oil to the Mediterranean through Syria. Iraq stopped pumping two years ago because of ideological differences between the wings of the Arab Socialist Baath Party governing the two neighbours. The sources did not reveal the volume of oil which would be pumped to the Lebanese port of Banias or the royalties which Syria would receive. They said the two countries have also agreed on establishing joint petrochemical industries and were working quickly towards full union. Iraqi Vice-president in Paris for talks on bilateral cooperation PARIS, Jan. 9 (R)—Iraqi Vice-President Taha Mohieddin Ma'ruf arrived here today at the head of a government delegation for talks with President Valery Giscard d'Estaing and other French leaders. He was greeted at Orly airport by Prime Minister Raymond Barre and senior cabinet ministers with full military honours. The Iraq News Agency said Mr. Ma'ruf was accompanied by the ministers of trade, foreign affairs, information and agriculture and several senior officials on the 3-day visit. It added that the delegation would have talks with French officials on developing bilateral cooperation in the various fields and exchange views on Arab and international affairs of mutual interest.

## 30 die in Turkey's 2nd rail disaster in 5 days

ANKARA, Jan. 9 (R)—At least 30 people died and almost 100 were injured when a commuter train slammed into the back of another near here today in Turkey's second big rail disaster in five days. Eyewitnesses said the fire started immediately in the heating unit of the second train, which was placed directly behind the engine. It quickly engulfed the carriages of the stalled train, which had stopped with engine trouble at the small station of Behicbey, about 20 kilometres from Ankara's main terminal. Hospital officials said large numbers of the injured suffered severe burns. Troops joined rescue workers in grappling with the wreckage in a temperature of minus 15 centigrade. Today's crash coincided with the opening of the national railways congress here, which is to make an in-depth study of Turkey's state-run railways. Informal sources said such a study was considered necessary in view of the government's policy of shifting a major portion of the country's transportation system to rail and maritime lines to save costly oil. Sixteen people were killed and over 100 injured in a crash between two express trains near the Turkish capital on Thursday night. Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit said today it was time for a comprehensive investigation of the causes of both incidents, while sources said the possibility of sabotage could not be ruled out. Officials attributed today's high death toll to the fact that the engine of the approaching train rammed directly into carriages crowded with commuters on their way to work in the capital.



## JORDAN TIMES

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## Common cause

Two events are taking place later this month, around the 21st of January, which could go a long way toward confounding those critics who maintain that the Arabs' lack of unity will always be their undoing.

One is the meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC) in Damascus, which, among other things, will have on its agenda the question of the unification of the various resistance organisations. This is not a new topic, and it cannot be said that all the differences of opinion within the resistance to such subjects as the formation of a Palestinian government-in-exile have necessarily been swept away. But it is clear that the Palestinian movement now confronts more compelling reasons than ever before for adopting a platform of joint action.

The other keynote event will be another meeting between the Presidents of Iraq and Syria, also in Damascus. It seems, according to the Syrians, that the progress towards the unification of the two countries has already gone beyond the timetable envisaged when they signed a "National Charter for Joint Action" after their dramatic reconciliation three months ago. Agreements have already been signed on unifying their approach to social and cultural affairs; the next step will be to tackle political and military unification.

We have noted before that the impetus for these unity moves has picked up with the adoption of a common Arab stance regarding the Egyptian-Israeli peace negotiations. Other events, within and without the Arab world, are also creating the conditions for putting decades of thinking and hoping about Arab unity into real practice.

As the Arab World prepares to confront the challenges of the 1980s, it may yet find common cause to defy the pessimists.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Jordanian newspapers Tuesday commented on the possibility of resumption of the Egyptian-Israeli peace talks within the next few days but expressed scepticism over the final success of these talks. Especially since Israel is reported to be stationing the bulk of its military strength in the Negev area bordering Egypt.

In this context AL RA'I says the optimistic view shown by Egypt following Cairo's intimation of new flexible ideas on how to resume peace talks with Israel over "linkage" and amend Articles 4 and 6 of the proposed peace treaty does not in any way correspond with the new Israeli reserved position. This cautious stand, the newspaper adds, stems from the recent developments in Iran, the raising of oil prices, Washington's abandonment of Taiwan and lastly the fall of Cambodia in the hands of the Vietnamese forces.

As a result of these developments, the Middle East crisis does not any more occupy first place in the list of priorities of the U.S. administration. Added to this, Al Ra'i says, is the failure of America's bet on the Egyptian role in the Arab World which, according to Cairo's calculations, was supposed to bring in more "agreeing" Arabs and Palestinians to the negotiating table.

AL DUSTOUR also discusses the reported softening of the Egyptian position as evidenced by a letter sent from Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil to U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance over the weekend. What the Egyptian sources described as "flexibility" was, in reality, a kind of retreat that is hard to justify in the light of the persistently adamant Israeli position—no withdrawal from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, no right to self-determination for the Palestinian people and no dismantling or freeing of the Jewish settlements in the occupied territories.

## WHAT'S GOING ON

### Painting Exhibit

An exhibition of paintings by Egyptian artist Ahmad Chuiha is on display at the Art Gallery of the Ministry of Culture and Youth. Open from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 to 7:00 p.m.

### Guitar Concert

The British Council presents a classical guitar recital by Julian Byzantine. The programme includes compositions by Scarlatti, Bach, Rodrigo and Albeniz. The performance starts at 8:00 p.m. and free tickets are available at the reception desk.

## GOT SOMETHING ON YOUR MIND?

LET THE JORDAN TIMES HEAR ABOUT IT  
WRITE TO: P.O. BOX 6710

## Yarmouk University to build industrial complex prior to campus construction

By Serene R. Farraj  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN—The establishment of an industrial complex at Yarmouk University, came as a result of various factors," said Mr. Ra'ef Nijem, Director of the Engineering Office at Yarmouk University. Mr. Nijem told the Jordan Times that, according to the master plan prepared for Yarmouk University, the total area to be built will be approximately 1,132,000 square metres. Due to this volume of construction, the university took a decision to introduce mechanisation in the construction.

The decisions were influenced by several factors: Time factor—The traditional method of construction requires not less than 30 to 40 years for the completion of the structures, while on the other hand, building through mechanisation will reduce this period to less than half.

Standard of workmanship—Due to the migration of labour to neighbouring Arab countries, the standard of workmanship has suffered. By adopting mechanisation, it is possible to produce a factory controlled product with less sophisticated labour.

Quality control—All produced precast elements from the factory are controlled before transporting to erection site, thus ensuring

uniform and standard product. Cost—The mechanisation method will lower the cost of structures, relative to the conventional method.

Mr. Nijem said: "educational centres. Mr. Nijem concluded that late this year the Engineering Office will issue the bid for the first phase which will include the Faculty of Engineering facilities and the completion of the industrial complex at Yarmouk University.

Dr. Adnan Badran, President of Mr. Nijem said: "Due to all these factors, the university decided to establish an industrial complex at the south end of the campus. This complex will include a precast concrete factory, block manufacturing factory, cement product factory, crushing and sieving plant, a joinery shop, steel shop and an aluminum shop."

Mr. Nijem stated that the complex aims at producing all elements required for the buildings. It will also produce all Mr. Nijem said: "Due to all these factors, the university decided to establish an industrial complex at the south end of the campus. This complex will include a precast concrete factory, block manufacturing factory, cement product factory, crushing and sieving plant, a joinery shop, steel shop and an aluminum shop."

Mr. Nijem stated that the complex aims at producing all elements required for the buildings. It will also produce all the furniture required for the university and manufactured on a standard and modular basis. The cost of the furniture will be lower than the imported, as the university is exempted from customs on imported materials.

"After completing the construction, this industrial complex will be used for training engineering students at Yarmouk University, and for executing research work. It will also contribute in developing the northern region of the country," said Mr. Nijem.

Furthermore, Mr. Nijem said that the consultants who are studying the regional planning for Irbid Governorate now have adopted the dual planning method by considering two main centres, one at Irbid city, the other one at Yarmouk University, as industrial and educational centres.

Mr. Nijem concluded that late this year the Engineering Office will issue the bid for the first phase which will include the Faculty of Engineering facilities and the completion of the industrial complex at Yarmouk University.

Dr. Adnan Badran, President of Yarmouk University, stated that the tender for the university will cover equipment necessary for the production of supplies involved in the building of the university. Contractors will buy, install and operate the plant. However, this plant will remain the property of the university to be used by it after the contractor completes his work.

## ECONOSCOPE

## Dr. Hourani's book on Jordan's bank system

By Jawad Ahmad

When a friend of yours writes a book, you are supposed to read it, comment on it, and—if it is good—wish you had written it yourself. Dr. Ahmad Hourani, economic consultant to the Central Bank, currently on secondment to the Ministry of Labour, has written a book entitled "Banking Institutions in Jordan."

For the benefit of the English-speaking reader, I shall survey the basic topics of the book, which has been published in Arabic by the Central Bank.

The book is divided into a theoretical introduction and three other parts, consisting of about 15 chapters altogether.

In the introductory part, the author appeals to the famous literature on financial intermediation written by Gurley and Shaw and Goldsmith. He argues that the level of banking activity is dependent on general economic activity as measured by per capita income. As economic activity grows the market grows, thus allowing further division of labour between savers and investors, and later among financial intermediaries themselves.

In the second part, the author offers a brief historical background to the banking sector in Jordan from 1925—when only one bank was operating—to 1976. He also analyses descriptively the evolution in banking equity, branches, centralisation and scope of work.

In the second part, the author offers a painstaking analysis of the statements of banks, placing emphasis on sources of funds and their ultimate use.

In the third part he evaluates activities of commercial banks with their success in harmonizing of liability and efficiency goals; the liability with changing conditions; its fitability in the light of servicing needs of society; and their response controls under semi *laissez faire* co.

The book certainly fills a gap in economic literature in Jordan. In the book to the readers, Governor Central Bank of Jordan Said Nab (Dr. Hourani's) position with the Bank has afforded him a first-hand data and information available banking system, and to observe continually the developments there has enabled him to submit to the reader a scientific effort which is both critically and with a long period.

The book, however, should be a include the crucial developments in banking sector which took place. Moreover, it sometimes lacks courage to evaluate the socio-economic of banks, and to explain their limitations of modern techniques.

However, the book is good. It shares the view that it is an addition to anyone's Arabic library.

## U.S. water resources team to visit Jordan

By Alan Martiny  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN—A U.S. Water Resources Trade Mission arrives here on Jan. 15 for discussions with the government and private sector interests on local water resource problems and solutions. The ten-man delegation, representing a cross-section of U.S.

industry specialising in the water resources field, is interested in establishing contacts in Jordan and possibly negotiating future business relations.

The ten companies represented in the mission include manufacturers of desalination systems, irrigation equipment, and pipe. Also included are consulting engineers specialised in planning, design and management of large-

scale projects utilising water resources.

Members of the delegation are business executives who will be offering information on new developments and technology in water use and will be able to give advice on what procedures are most successfully marketable.

During their four-day visit the delegates will hold talks at the

Ministry of Industries and Commerce and will visit sites. The Jordanian is interested in the order to identify local water resource needs. The mission, organised by the U.S. Department of Commerce, will also have similar talks in Omani.

## Arab Mining Co. head meets Islamic Development Bank director

AMMAN, Jan. 9 (JNA)—Director of the Arab Mining Company Thabet Al Taher discussed here today with the visiting Director of the Islamic Development Bank Dr. Ahmad Mohammad Ali possible participation by the bank in mining projects throughout the Arab World. At a separate meeting Mr. Al Taher discussed with the Council of the Arab Economic Unity consultant Dr. Kazim Al Sa'eedi current preparations for holding a meeting in Amman of various pan-Arab companies. The Arab Mining Company has already expressed willingness to host the conference which was tentatively set for March 27. The conference will be organised by the Council of Arab Economic Unity.

## W. Germany grants Jordan agricultural supplies

AMMAN, Jan. 9 (JNA)—Jordan is to receive fertilisers and agricultural equipment worth nearly one million marks from West Germany, according to memos exchanged between the two sides here today. The memos which demonstrate bilateral cooperation in promoting agricultural production in Jordan were signed by Minister of Agriculture Hikmat Al Saket and the West German Charge d'Affaires in Amman Wilhelm Schuermann. The agreement included in the memos provide for the Ministry of Agriculture to sell part of the fertilisers and equipment to farmers and to employ the rest in further agricultural experiments at nurseries and other agricultural experimental stations. Money from the sale of the fertilisers and equipment, which is expected to reach JD 90,000, will be used to finance further agricultural development projects in coordination with the West German government.

## National News Roundup

### Ministry to propose appointment of mayors

AMMAN, Jan. 9 (J.T.)—Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs Ibrahim Ayyoub said yesterday that his ministry is presently introducing comprehensive amendments on the municipalities law. An important amendment will be the appointment of mayors by the government instead of their election. He said the amendments have been widely discussed and will be presented to the Prime Ministry before being referred to the National Consultative Council for debate.

### Traffic Dept. announces parking restrictions

AMMAN, Jan. 9 (JNA)—The Traffic Department decided as of today to prevent parking of cars on the Prince Mohammad Street between the Ali Baba Restaurant triangle and the Prince Mohammad Park and between the park and the Third Circle. Traffic sources said however that cars will be allowed to load and unload passengers on the right side of the street. The Traffic Department has allocated a parking space on the Jabal Al Luweibdeh triangle beside Jabal Amman to take some 300 cars. A car driver wishing to stay long in this area will be allowed to use the parking lot on Nursing College street.

### Communications minister meets with Syrian official

AMMAN, Jan. 9 (JNA)—Minister of Communications Dr. Sa'id Tal met today with the director of the Syrian post office savings fund to discuss ways for cooperation between the Syrian and Jordanian post office savings funds.

## Advertise by mail In the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently bring their ads to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads on the following conditions:

1. Full payment in cash accompanies the advertisement.
2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 3.
3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by the Jordan Times.
4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions or dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times at least two days before the required day of publication.
5. For the minimum price of JD 3, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of 10 lines on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline. Phone numbers to be called. The JD 3 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 9, etc.
6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 4 for 40 words and JD 5 for 50 words.
7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing below and mailing it with full payment in cash only to:

Advertising Department  
The Jordan Times  
P.O. Box 6710  
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## Pan-Arab experts meet in Amman

### to discuss project follow up

By a Jordan Times  
staff reporter

AMMAN, Jan. 9—A four-day seminar on the follow up evaluation of development plans in Arab countries just got off the ground here under the joint sponsorship of the Jordan Institute of Public Administration and the Arab Planning Institute of Kuwait.

The seminar, held at the Institute of Public Administration on the University of Jordan campus, includes 24 representatives from 14 Arab countries.

Participants, who met for the first session of the seminar on Sunday, are mainly experts working in industry, research centres and planning councils. Speakers have stressed the importance of implementation follow up in planning and

will focus on factors influencing the process of project implementation. Some topics under discussion include the implementation and follow up of investment and production plans and the economic dimension in planning.

Another major point covers different control systems for monitoring projects. During the implementation of a project there are basically two modes for following up or monitoring progress. One is to let each department be responsible for its own follow up. The second is to create a central unit, such as Jordan's National Planning Council, specifically in charge of evaluating, following up and controlling all development projects.

The question is what is the best means for controlling projects to keep them in line with the plans, who has the right to take control and where the project manager comes into this process.

The seminar has a set programme of speakers after which each country's team will present its case. Each team has prepared a paper on how development plans are followed up and evaluated in their country.

Speaking for Jordan are Dr. Tayseer Abdul Jabbar, secretary General of the National Planning Council, Dr. Mahmud Mardi, General Manager of the Jordan Fertiliser Industry Company, Wassef Azar, Managing Director of Sha'ir Management Services, and Dr. Abdullah Zu'bi, Director of the Institute of Public Administration.

Other participants from Jordan are representatives from the Central Bank, the Royal Scientific Society and the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

Jordan, Syria

unify customs

on industrial

raw materials

AMMAN, Jan. 9 (J.T.)—The Department of Culture and Youth has issued a circular to all sign cultural centres in Amman requesting them to notify the department well in advance of any lectures, seminars or public discussions they wish to hold. The circular said the department's permission would henceforth be required prior to staging such events.

This requirement does not extend to other cultural events organised by the centres, such as concerts, exhibitions, performances by visiting artists. The circular does point out, however, in the case of events prior consultation and cooperation with the department would be appreciated.

The department is part of the Ministry of Culture and Youth. Arabic papers reported yesterday that the Ministry of Culture had notified the American Centre on Jabal Amman of this new measure, but no mention was made of the other centres. The reports tied this in with a discussion held at the American Centre on the Camp David agreements. Director of the American Centre George Naifeh, when contacted by telephone, said he was "completely baffled" by the measure and by the press reports.

Informed observers here said they thought the department's action was meant to prevent the activities of foreign cultural centres from taking on political overtones.

# Jordan National Committee for the Child drafts plans for 1979

By Breda Finegan  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Jan. 9—Three years ago the United Nations decided to set aside 1979 as the International Year of the Child. As part of the same resolution, it was recommended that each member nation establish a national committee to look into the needs of its children in the fields of education, health and social services with a view to improving and innovating services for children where necessary.

Since June, 1977 a Jordan National Committee for the Child, of which Her Majesty Queen Noor is honorary chairperson, has been working on just that. The result is a host of recommendations to various organisations concerned with child development, particularly the Ministries of Health and Education.

The national committee has 20 members representing 10 organisations: the Ministries of Education, Health, Information, Interior, Social Affairs, Culture and Youth, Rural and Municipal Affairs and the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS). The National Planning Council (NPC) has also been asked to join the committee which now meets weekly to discuss plans.

In an interview with the Jordan Times, Dr. Izzat Jaradat, the secretary general of the national committee, said some of these recommendations have been fulfilled already and some will not be fulfilled until long after this year. For instance, the establishment of an elementary school called the School of the Year of the Child will take some years to complete although plans will be drafted this year.

A cable from His Majesty King Hussein to the committee on Jan. 1 emphasised the importance of making this a year of the child in the real sense of the term, and not a mere show of empty words and celebrations. The King called for real progress to be made in services for children, with special concentration on the spiritual, social and physical development.

According to the recommendations of the national committee, which were drawn up after much research and which received cabinet approval last August, there should in fact be some improvement in the lot of less privileged children this year.

The Ministry of Education, for instance, has taken it upon itself to start providing kindergartens and play schools, instead of leaving it up to the private sector to cope with the increasing number of pre-school children.

A notice released on Sunday by Minister of Education Abdul Salam Majali who also holds the position of Chairman of the Jordan National Committee for the Child, says simply that a number of kindergartens will be established. How many and where they will be has yet to be decided.

The notice, which pinpoints the objective of the ministry for the year of the child, also announced the plan for the School of the Year of the Child: that free school books will be made available up to the sixth grade instead of the fourth grade as at present; as well as plans to publish at least two children's books a year; to provide Jordan Television with educational programmes for children and to set up courses in teacher training colleges for kindergarten teachers.

Concerning health services for children, the national committee recommended that health care be made available free of charge to all children in Jordan; that vaccinations be compulsory for all children under the age of five; that papers be published concerning the welfare of children for the information of parents and that import taxes be eliminated on food essential for children.

According to Dr. Jaradat, the Ministry of Health has already started acting on these recommendations. A children's ward in the hospital at Jrbid was opened in November of last year and the ministry is trying to get milk for babies imported free of tax so that it will reach families cheaper than at present.

Along the same lines, the Ministry of Education has sent to the customs department at the Ministry of Finance a list of all the toys it has decided are beneficial to children's development and recommended that they be exempted from customs charges.

Recommendations by the national committee also include fostering the creative abilities of children by promoting music, story telling and writing and drawing. Educational centres and playgrounds are also planned for this year, and the ambition is to try to provide every village with a children's centre and playground.

Among other suggestions for the year is one from GUVS that a



It may not take much to get children to smile, but throughout the world millions of youngsters need help and care.

'child shop' be set up where children's clothes, food and toys, imported tax free, could be bought. The Ministry of Communications, for its part, has promised to issue a special stamp to mark the occasion.

All these plans are, however, still only on paper.

As to the actual execution of all these projects, it has been decided to set aside one week in the year for each governorate, during which any new centres or programmes for children will be officially opened. Towns and villages in the area will organise exhibitions, competitions and celebrations for children on the occasion. In each governorate, a committee has already been established to organise the special

week's activities.

Dr. Jaradat said that Amman will be the last governorate in which a children's week will be celebrated. "It will be the climax to the year."

The special children's weeks should start in March. The Ministry of Interior is responsible for providing the national committee with a schedule of the activities planned for each area.

The national committee must be the focal point of all plans for the year of the child, Dr. Jaradat said. A directive issued by Prime Minister Mudar Badran on last Saturday requests all official institutions and voluntary associations to coordinate their

activities for the International Year of the Child with the national committee, and to inform it of all their plans for the occasion.

Over the past two years the National Committee for the Child has been working without a special budget, but for this year it has requested a budget of JD 500,000.

If everything goes according to plan, children, parents, teachers and a host of people should have a busy time of it this year marking it a special occasion for children. Let's hope the good intentions do actually make themselves felt in real terms, specially in the case of children who need that extra bit of assistance either in the home or at school.

## Amman Stock Exchange Report

NAME OF COMPANY	Par Value	Volume Traded	Last Bidding Offer	Last Selling Offer	Closing Price
Jordan Petroleum Co.	JD 5,000	965	6,600	6,620	6,600
Jordan Cement Factories	JD 10,000	1,325	13,900	13,950	13,950
Jordan Phosphate Mines	JD 1,000	591	2,160	2,250	2,200
Jordan Pharmaceutical Co.	JD 5,000	300	16,700	—	16,700
Jordan Bank	JD 1,000	2,570	1,150	—	1,150
Jordan-Kuwait Bank	JD 1,000	362	1,790	1,840	1,800
Jordan-Gulf Bank	JD 1,000	5,339	1,100	1,140	1,120
Jordan Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	87	1,340	—	1,340
Jordan Aluminium Co.	JD 1,000	295	0,910	—	0,910
Industrial, Commercial And Agricultural Co.	JD 1,000	752	—	—	2,450
Industrial Development Bank	JD 1,000	250	1,250	—	1,250
Lebanon Bank Co.	JD 10,000	1,135	11,350	—	11,350
The Arab International Hotels Co.	JD 1,000	3,186	0,710	0,740	0,720
Garage Owners Federation Office Co.	JD 1,000	840	4,200	4,300	4,200

Total volume traded, Tuesday, Jan. 9: JD 17,997  
Total number of shares traded: 13,312

Government Development Bonds	Par Value	Volume traded	Number traded	Year of maturity	Selling price
	JD 5,000	205	40	1979	5,145
	JD 5,000	465	92	1980	5,075

Total volume traded: JD 676

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## TODAY'S WEATHER

The weather will improve gradually but temperatures will remain cold today. The weather is expected to be cloudy to partly cloudy with rain in the southern and eastern part of the country. At Aqaba Gulf the weather will be partly cloudy with a chance of scattered showers. Winds will be northerly moderate freshening at times and seas will be rough.

### Temperatures:

	Overnight Minimum	Daytime Maximum
Amman	3	8
Aqaba	10	17
Jordan Valley	8	16
Deserts	2	8

## LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar	292.00/294.00
U.K. sterling	591.00/595.00
West German mark	158.70/159.70
Swiss franc	177.60/178.70
French franc	69.20/69.60
Italian lire	35.10/35.30
Japanese yen	149.20/150.10
Dutch guilder	146.90/147.80
Belgian franc	100.60/101.20
Swedish crown	67.40/67.80

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**By Jill Strickland**

Because rainfall and surface water from lakes and rivers can't begin to meet Southern California's water needs, much of the region's water supply comes from natural underground reservoirs. For example, Orange County—a fast-growing residential area just south of Los Angeles—depends on water pumped from the ground for about 60 per cent of its water supply. But even the massive groundwater basin underlying the northwest part of the county has not been sufficient to meet growing demand. Since 1949, the Orange County water district has been pumping water from the Colorado River into the ground to keep its under-

Explains Gordon Elser, the facility's information officer:

"Most of the heavy material, which is the sludge consisting of lime and suspended material from the sewage, settles to the bottom. The best water rises to the surface. There are some particles that will float, that start to rise to the surface, and they're trapped on a little plastic grid underneath the surface."

The flocculation and clarification

water in both the initial clarification process and the recarbonation process are collected and treated to reclaim the lime which can then be added to new water arriving at the plant. By using a proportion of one part virgin lime to three parts reclaimed lime for the initial clarification process, Water Factory 21 is able to keep the cost of reclaiming waste water down. After recarbonation and settling, which take

Comments Else: "The reason for that is because it costs too much. It costs more for a gallon (unit) of water to go through reverse osmosis than it does to go through the rest of the plant put together. If we don't send some through here, then our water is, too high in mineral content. So we have to lower the mineral content somehow, and the most practical way is to take a percentage of the waste water, demineralize that, and then blend it with the rest of the waste water which was not demineralized."

Why not just use the reclaimed waste water directly? The main impediment seems to be public opinion. Many people are squeamish about the idea of using reclaimed sewage water directly, even though they know that it has been filtered, purified, demineralized and made to conform to stringent standards of taste and appearance. If anything, the water that leaves Water Factory 21 is probably cleaner than water taken from a river. In any case, the future cost of imported water may eventually make it necessary for Orange County to use reclaimed waste water directly. Right now, a volume of water costing \$100 to import from Northern California or the Colorado River costs \$150 to produce by blending reclaimed waste water with fresh water. But as fuel costs as they are, the cost of the future Orange County officials expect the cost of imported water pumped from North-

Water factory 21 in California uses ammonia-stripping towers in recycling waste water. Recycling waste water, say U.S. scientists, may help solve the problem of dwindling pure water around the world.

ern California or the Colorado to double or triple. Then reclaimed water — or even 100 per cent reclaimed water — will be relatively cheap, and public opinion may change as more and more people see the economic sense of 'recycling waste water' — instead of just throwing it away.

Water Factor 21 also points the way to solving some of the world's water problems. As world population grows, and fresh water becomes an increasingly rare commodity, it's no unlikely that reclaimed water treated in plants resembling Factory 21 — will meet some water needs of the 21st cen-

## A high-contrast, black and white photograph showing the interior of a large greenhouse. The structure is defined by a complex network of dark, intersecting metal beams and a translucent, ribbed roof. In the foreground and middle ground, there are dense rows of leafy plants, possibly lettuce or similar leafy greens. A person, seen from the side and slightly from behind, is standing among the plants, appearing to be working or tending to them. The person is wearing a dark jacket or shirt. The background is very bright, almost washed out, suggesting a strong light source from the far end of the greenhouse or from the translucent roof panels. The overall composition emphasizes the scale of the greenhouse structure compared to the human figure.

**Bietigheim** -- It is a well-known fact that large-scale greenhouse cultures can be kept watered only with great difficulty using a conventional garden hose. This can be done best by using a fog-spray installation. This consists of a system of pipes hanging over the plants from whose jets carefully controlled amounts of water are emitted under pressure. Decisive for the quality of this kind of irrigation are the water jets. The top-quality product is made out of metal by Perrot in Bietigheim, Germany. It could be made of synthetic material but is not since danger of deformation under heat exposure does not admit

an absolute guarantee of correct functioning. This kind of bore of only 1 mm and produces a spray that is so fine that it is human breath in cold air. The dampened air extends into plant cultures like a fog. The drop stopper built in between and the jet opens at 1.5 atmospheres of water pressure, so densely, which makes possible consistency in the amount converted to spray. There is just as much precision in shutting the jet off, meaning the system can be used for even the most critical applications.

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## WHO revises report on smallpox labs' safety levels

GENEVA, Jan. 9 (R) — The World Health Organisation (WHO) yesterday qualified its report last week that five of the world's ten laboratories holding deadly smallpox viruses fell short of WHO safety recommendations.

The WHO said yesterday that two of the ten labs stored the deadly "Variola" virus for research, while the other eight kept it in a frozen inanimate state and did not actively use it. There was public concern that some of these eight did not meet WHO recommendations, it said.

"This means that these laboratories, although their security measures may be of a high standard, do not possess a purpose-built safety containment unit which is completely separate from the rest of the laboratory,"

the WHO said.

It added that such a unit was extremely expensive to build but offered maximum security for all laboratories holding the Variola virus.

The organisation said all national health authorities in charge of the eight smallpox archive laboratories were considering further safety measures including destruction or transfer of the Variola virus stocks. Further visits by a WHO team were also being arranged.

The naming of the labs by the WHO followed a British Government report on the death by smallpox of a laboratory photographer last summer in Birmingham, England. The report said WHO safety standards had largely been ignored at the Birmingham University laboratory.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JAN. 10, 1979

## Your Daily HOROSCOPE

from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** Despite some confusion where uniting several projects are concerned, you find you are able to accomplish much of value today. Let situations work themselves out and go along with conditions as they arise.

**ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)** Don't try to force associates to do as you wish, but combine efforts and ideas for best results. Use care in motion of any kind.

**TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)** Listen to what experts have to say before you reach any decisions in important money matters. Study various sources for ideas on how to best repair property.

**GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)** You have personal wishes which are fine, but don't be forceful in trying to gain them. Enjoy casual social events instead of planning any right now. Be more thoughtful of kin.

**MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21)** Personal anxieties should not throw you for a loop, but be calmly rid of. Try to meet expectations of kin and have more accord. Learn to relax more.

**LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21)** Accept invitations from friends, but only after work is done. Don't force some wish but let it work out naturally later. Avoid one who does not understand you at all and could make you angry.

**VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)** You still do not know what to do about an outside matter, so sleep on it and tomorrow you handle it wisely. Try a new tack where career problems are concerned and get better results.

**LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 23)** Join forces with others in gaining the new interests that are mutually appealing. Do not try to make any changes that are difficult and annoying. Relax and rest more.

**SCORPIO (Oct. 24 to Nov. 21)** You have many responsibilities to handle, so be sure to study them well before trying to discharge them. Early confusion clears up later.

**SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)** Make sure you consider every angle of dealings with associates and confer with them intelligently. A worldly affair has you confused, but later it clears itself.

**CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)** Stick to proven methods for handling duties instead of trying anything new. Be more cooperative with co-workers. Do not overdo in the evening in social matters, entertaining.

**AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)** Gain the assistance of those with whom you often get together socially. Find a better way of pleasing loved ones. Improve health and appearance in some way.

**PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)** Take more interest in what your family is doing and try to make them happier in some way. Keep busy and you are happy.

## Economic News Briefs

Japan hopes to continue project in Iran

TOKYO, Jan. 9 (R) — The Iranian side in a joint \$3.25 billion petrochemical venture with Japan's Mitsui industrial group was unable to put up the cash needed to complete the project, a company spokesman said today. But Toshikuni Yahiro, a Mitsui vice president, told a press conference it would go ahead with building the complex at Bandar Shapur on the Gulf if it could obtain extra funds from Japanese banks. Mr. Yahiro, who is president of the Iran Chemical Development Company, the Japanese partner in the 50-50 joint project, recently visited Tehran to assess the complex's future in the light of political turmoil in Iran. He said the Mitsui group would have to change its policy of always matching its supply of funds with the progress of Iranian investment. It would have to supply some cash to allow building to continue, he said. He did not say how much cash would be needed at present, but sources close to the group estimated the figure at about 1 billion yen (\$56.4 million).

Egypt: Armed forces to be budget priority

CAIRO, Jan. 9 (R) — The needs of Egypt's armed forces will be the main priority in the country's budget for the fiscal year 1979, Finance Minister Salah Hamed told the People's Assembly (Parliament) yesterday. Dr. Hamed did not disclose the allocation for the armed forces, but Cairo newspapers reported last week that the cabinet had decided on a sum of one billion pounds (\$1.450 million). The official Middle East News Agency (MENA) quoted Dr. Hamed as saying other priorities included subsidies amounting to £1.176 million (\$1.651 million), food production projects worth £255.6 million (\$371 million) and housing and reconstruction costing £290.9 million (\$421 million). MENA reported that Egypt hopes to achieve an economic growth rate of eight per cent during the 1979 financial year.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Not available

## LONDON MARKET REPORT

Prices closed easier Tuesday with the threat of a national rail strike next week and the unresolved private road haulage dispute affecting sentiment, dealers said. At 15:00 the F.T. index was 1.1 down at 483.3.

Government bonds firmed initially on exhaustion of the medium 'tap' stock but then eased up to ½ point additionally affected by reports that no immediate fiscal measures will be enforced on high pay settlements, dealers added.

U.S. and Canadian shares were quietly mixed.

## Jordan Times Daily Guide

## JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3	CHANNEL 6
5:30 Quran	6:30 French programme
5:45 Cartoons	7:00 News in French
6:00 Teaching French by Television	7:30 News in Hebrew
6:30 Tom and Jerry	8:30 Comedy
7:00 Young Don't Boon	9:10 Royal Heritage
7:30 Musical Instruments	10:00 News in English
8:00 News in Arabic	10:15 The American Girls
8:30 Arabic series	
9:30 Arabic series	
10:15 The American girls	
11:10 News in Arabic	

## RADIO JORDAN

7:00 Sign on	14:00 News bulletin
7:01 Morning show	14:10 Music
7:30 News Bulletin	14:30 Stars unlimited
7:40 Morning show	15:00 Concert hour
10:30 News summary	16:00 News summary
10:30 30 minute theatre	16:03 Easy listening
11:00 Signing off	16:30 Pedagogical pop
12:00 Signing on and news headlines	17:00 30 minutes of jazz
12:03 Radiotheque	17:30 Radiotheque
12:03 News summary	18:00 News summary
13:03 Radiotheque	18:03 Hay, Ubn Yaqum
	18:30 As I see it (Don Rice)
	19:00 News Bulletin
	19:10 News reports
	19:30 Sign off

## BBC RADIO

GMT	13:30 World Radio Club
04:00 Newscast	13:45 A Jolly Good Show
04:30 The Songs of Schubert	14:00 Radio Newscast
04:45 Letter from London: Reflections	15:15 Outlook
05:00 News: 24 Hours	16:00 News, Commentary
05:30 Sarah Ward	16:03 Opera Star
05:45 World Today	16:45 World Today
06:00 Newscast	17:00 News, Book Choice
06:30 Jazz in the Asking	17:15 Discovery
07:00 News: 24 Hours	17:45 Sports Round-Up
07:30 Sarah Ward	18:00 News: News about Britain
07:45 Report on Religion	18:15 Radio Newscast
08:00 News: Reflections	18:30 Top Twenty
08:10 News, Press Review	19:00 Outlook: News Summary
08:15 World Today	19:30 Stock Market
08:30 Financial News	19:45 Encore
08:40 Look Ahead	20:00 News: 24 Hours
08:45 The Billington Interview	20:30 A Taste of Hanoi
09:00 Book Programme	21:00 Report on Religion
09:30 Magical Mystery Tour	21:15 Wales and the Welsh
11:00 News: News about Britain	21:30 King's College Choir
11:15 Poetry U.K.	22:25 Financial News
11:30 Farming World	22:35 Book Choice, Reflections
12:00 Radio Newscast	22:45 Sports Round-Up
12:15 Animal, Vegetable or Mineral?	23:00 News, Commentary
12:45 Sports Round-Up	
13:00 News: 24 Hours	

## VOICE OF AMERICA

GMT	19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses
05:30 The Breakfast show: features, interviews, questions	19:30 VOA Magazine: culture, letters
06:30 News, pop music, features, interviews, questions	20:00 Special English: news
17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses	20:15 Music USA (Jazz)
17:30 Dalcine	21:00 VOA World Report
18:00 Special English: news, feature "Space and Man"	21:30 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses
19:30 Now Music USA	

## AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS	DEPARTURES
7:50 Cairo (EAT)	8:30 Beirut
8:15 Doha (AZ)	8:40 Beirut (MEA)
8:25 Muscat, Doha (RJ-GF)	8:55 Cairo (EAT)
8:45 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ-GF)	9:00 Rome (IAZ)
9:00 Jeddah	9:30 Aqaba
9:15 Kuwait	
9:40 Bahrain	10:30 Baghdad
11:10 Aqaba	12:00 Athens, London
11:35 Larnaca (CY)	12:30 Larnaca (CY)
12:45 Kuwait (KAC)	12:45 Kuwait (KAC)
13:10 Bucharest, Larnaca (Tarom)	13:00 Cairo
17:15 Benghazi	14:15 Larnaca, Bucharest (Tarom)
18:30 Cairo	15:00 Cairo
18:50 Jeddah (SO)	19:30 Kuwait
19:00 Beirut (MEA)	20:00 Jeddah (SO)
19:20 Amsterdam, Brussels, Geneva	20:00 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ-GF)
19:30 Amsterdam, Istanbul, Beirut (KLM)	20:30 Baghdad
21:15 Frankfurt, Munich, Damascus (LH)	21:30 Doha
22:40 London (BA)	22:50 Rawalpindi (BA)
23:50 Beirut	02:00 Bahrain (AZ)
01:50 Rome (IAZ)	

## EMERGENCIES

Doctors:	Shalaba (367261)
Amman:	Lubna (54944)
Shalaba (367261)	Ghassan (74497)
Irbid:	Al-Sa'ad
Irbid:	Zarqa
Al-Sa'ad	Al-Hikmah
Al-Sa'ad	Tadris
Pharmacies:	Asfour (23230)
Amman:	Khalid (23715)
Netash	Al-Sa'ad (21091)
Ghassan (22668)	Raysa (25095)

## CULTURAL CENTRES (Amman)

American Centre	Tel. 41520
British Council	" 36147-8
French Cultural Centre	" 37009
Geche Institute	" 41903
Soviet Cultural Centre	" 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre	" 24049
Haya Arts Centre	" 6142
Husain Youth City	" 41793
Y.W.C.A.	" 64251
Y.W.M.C.A.	" 56111
Amman Municipal Library	" 65111
University of Jordan Library	" 36191
Chad Museum	" 36191
Folklore Museum	" 36191

## USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Amman)

Ambulance (government)	Tel. 75111
Civil defence rescue	" 24391-4
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	" 36581-2
Municipal water service (emergency)	" 37111-3
Police headquarters	" 30141
Nrjch roving patrol rescue police (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency	" 21111, 37771
Airport information (AJIA)	" 55205
Jordan Television	" 73111
Radio, English Section	" 74124
Fire, fire, police	" 19
Fire headquarters	" 22090

## CULTURAL CENTRES (Damascus)

Al-Hamra Theatre	Tel. 226-446
Al-Sha'bi Art Gallery	" 226-527
American Centre	" 552-362
Arab Cultural Centre	" 333-727
Belgian Cultural Centre	" 557-901
British Cultural Centre	" 333-594
German Democratic Republic Cultural Centre	" 333-922
French Cultural Centre	" 330-694
Kabani Theatre	" 222-016
National Museum	" 114-854
Soviet Cultural Centre	" 225-650
Spanish Cultural Centre	" 334-003
Urdu Art Gallery	" 334-619
Zaheriyah Public Library	" 111-318

## USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Damascus)

Ambulance (government)	Tel. 90
Chamber of Commerce	" 118-339
Electric Power Co. (repair)	" 223-887
Fire headquarters	" 95797
Information	" 113-500
Municipal water service	" 113-500

## GRAFFITI

## TEENAGE

## WHEN

## KIDS LEARN

## ABOUT

## KIDS AND KEYS

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN  
AND OMAR SHARIF  
© 1979 by Chicago Tribune

Both vulnerable: South deals.

**NORTH**  
♠ 8542  
♥ Q105  
♦ J103  
♣ Q72

**WEST**  
♠ K963  
♥ J87  
♦ Q74  
♣ 8543

**EAST**  
♠ QJ107  
♥ 642  
♦ 96  
♣ KJ109

**SOUTH**  
♠ A  
♥ AK93  
♦ AKQ852  
♣ A6

The bidding:

South West North East

2♠ Pass 2NT Pass

3♥ Pass 4♥ Pass

7♥ Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Eight of ♣.

Desperate situations call for desperate measures.

Declaring at a grand slam in hearts, South found the only line that gave him a chance to bring home his almost hopeless contract.

There is little about the bidding that we could recommend. North's decision to raise his partner's second suit with only three-card support is eccentric, to say the least, but no more so than South's merry leap to a grand slam. True, he expected to find North with four hearts, but there was no guarantee that they would include the queen. (South was not worried about a club loser—dummy's club losers

could be discarded on his diamond suit.)

South was far from thrilled with his prospects when dummy came down after the club opening lead. His only consolation was that seven diamonds had no chance at all, while the heart grand slam was not impossible—especially if West was leading away from the king of clubs. He played dummy's queen to the first trick, but that hope came to naught when East covered with the king, forcing declarer to win the ace.

After careful study, declarer found a line that would enable him to bring home his contract—a dummy reversal! But that needed a lot of luck. Trumps would have to break 3-3 and diamonds 2-2. In addition, West would have to hold the jack of hearts. But any straw to grasp was better than none at all.

Declarer cashed the ace of spades, led a diamond to dummy's ten and ruffed a spade. When a diamond to the jack held, declarer ruffed another spade, this time with the king of trumps. He cashed the ace of trumps, led his low trump and successfully finessed the ten! Now, declarer needed only one more break. He cashed the queen of hearts and, when both opponents followed, school was out.

On the queen of spades declarer discarded his club loser, and he was left with nothing but high diamonds. In all, he scored five (1) trump tricks, six diamonds and his two black aces.

## THE BETTER HALF

By Barnes



## OUT &amp; ABOUT

## CHINESE RESTAURANT

## JAPANESE RESTAURANT

## ITALIAN RESTAURANT

## MEXICAN RESTAURANT

## INDIAN RESTAURANT

## AFRICAN RESTAURANT

## EUROPEAN RESTAURANT

## AMERICAN RESTAURANT

## ARABIC RESTAURANT

## ISRAELI RESTAURANT

## JORDANIAN RESTAURANT



Sixth victim of political violence in 9 days

# Gunmen kill Spanish Supreme Court judge at Madrid residence

MADRID, Jan. 9 (R) — Guerrilla gunmen today stepped up their political murder campaign in Spain by assassinating a Supreme Court judge outside his Madrid home.

Judge Miguel Cruz Cuenca, 67, was shot several times in the head and body as he left for work. His wife, who was on her way to mass, witnessed the killing and sank to the ground sobbing beside her husband's body, witnesses said.

The judge was the sixth victim of political violence in Spain since

the new year. He had been a member of the Supreme Court for ten years but was not known to have tried any political offenders or held strong political views.

Police said the killing bore a marked resemblance to last Wednesday's murder, only half a kilometre away, of Major General

Constantino Ortin Gil, the Madrid military governor.

The Basque separatist organization ETA said it killed General Ortin Gil and the other four people murdered since Jan. 2. In today's assassination, two young gunmen used exactly the same sort of white car to make their escape as in last Wednesday's shooting.

The latest shooting poses fresh problems for the government of Prime Minister Adolfo Suarez, which is trying to guide newly democratic Spain peacefully towards general elections next March 1.

ETA, which killed two thirds of the 91 victims of political violence in Spain last year, is pressing ahead with its murder campaign despite the promulgation of a new constitution which guarantees considerable autonomy to the Basque country and other regions.

ETA wants a completely independent, marxist Basque country and believes that by striking at the security forces and prominent Spanish personalities it could provoke an army intervention in the troubled northern region.

This, in turn, would open the way for a popular Basque uprising which ETA aspires to lead, according to the separatist organization's thinking.

## As China pays homage to Chou Peking poster campaign reportedly can continue "without restrictions"

PEKING, Jan. 9 (R) — Thousands of people gathered in Peking's central square for the third successive day today to pay homage to the late Premier Chou Enlai and call for fewer restrictions on their lives.

And four American senators reported after a meeting with Senior Vice-Premier Deng Xiaoping (Teng Hsiao-ping) that they were told the Peking wall poster campaign and "expression of desire for democracy, could continue in China for generations without restrictions."

Like yesterday — the third anniversary of the death of Mr. Chou — it was a festive occasion as fresh wreaths in his memory were laid on the monument to revolutionary martyrs in Tien An Men Square.

Youngsters marched in columns behind the Communist Party Youth League flag, and some people held a rally to demand democracy and human rights. Their demands included better food, housing and jobs.

Posters appearing in the square have confirmed that there has been no official interference with the free-speech campaign.

Only a tiny handful of China's 900 million people are actively participating in the campaign but the crowds cheering speakers in the square indicated widespread

support. They also clustered around a poster calling for a memorial hall to be built for Mr. Chou. There have even been calls in the square for the body of Communist leader Mao Tse-tung to be removed from its huge mausoleum and the building to be turned into a museum.

The mausoleum has been shuttered for many weeks and it is now rare for visitors to inspect the body of Mr. Mao — who received only five wreaths on last September's second anniversary of his death.

The hundreds of wreaths outside today in memory of Mr. Chou reflected the esteem in which he is held for his moderate policies.

Chou Enlai has become a symbol of the poster campaign. A few weeks after his death in 1976, bloody rioting erupted in the same square. The demonstrators were condemned at the time as counter-revolutionary and many were arrested.

But now the April riots are officially regarded as a revolutionary incident. This change in the party line unleashed a torrent of free speech that began with wall posters calling for the punishment of those involved in suppressing the pro-Chou demonstration.

The poster campaign moved on to criticism of Mao Tse-tung himself and now concentrates on democracy and human rights.

## Dangers of shipping oil acutely apparent in 1979

LONDON, Jan. 9 (R) — Shipping oil across the world has always been a risky business and with just over a week gone in the new year, there have already been three major mishaps.

Mystery explosions causing huge fires in each case have resulted in the deaths of over 100 people.

Fifty crew and dock workers died yesterday after the 62,776-ton French tanker Betelgeuse exploded in a ball of flame while unloading its cargo at Bantay Bay terminal in southwest Ireland.

A spokesman for Gulf Oil, which owns the terminal, said there was no immediate indication of what caused the blast which tore the ship in two as it unloaded

## Argentina, Chile agree on Pope as mediator

MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 9 (R) — Argentina and Chile last night asked Pope John Paul II to mediate in a dispute over territorial claims at the southern tip of South America which has brought them close to war.

After two weeks of shuttle diplomacy by a Papal envoy, the two governments also agreed not to resort to force to settle the dispute. They said they would reduce the levels of troops and warships they have concentrated near the three disputed islands near Cape Horn.

But the agreement, signed by the Chilean and Argentine foreign ministers on the neutral territory of Uruguay, did not commit either country to accept the Pope's judgement as binding.

In one of two documents they agreed to ask the Pope "to act as mediator with the aim of guiding them in negotiations and helping them in the search for a solution". They said they were "well disposed to consider the ideas that the Holy See might put forward."

The other document said "The two states will not resort to force in their mutual relations" and "will carry out a gradual return to the military situation which existed at the beginning of 1977." This was before the build-up of forces.

## Irish premier promises "fullest inquiry" into tanker explosion

BANTAY, Ireland, Jan. 9 (R) — Irish Prime Minister Jack Lynch has promised the fullest inquiry into the explosion disaster which sank the French supertanker Betelgeuse here with the loss of 50 lives.

The partly-submerged halves of the Betelgeuse still burned fiercely today. Experts hoped the fires, which left a huge pall of smoke over Bantay Bay, would burn off most if not all of the 45,000 tonnes of Arabian crude oil still in the ship's tanks. Only 16 bodies had been found in the icy waters of Bantay Bay, a southwest Ireland beauty spot which became Europe's first deep water supertanker unloading terminal in 1969.

Mr. Lynch flew here as his government declared Bantay Bay an emergency zone. He acknowledged it would be very difficult to establish the cause of the two explosions which blew the 61,776-ton vessel apart as all on board and on the unloading jetty were presumed dead.

They were the mainly-French crew of 42, a representative of the owners and seven technicians supervising the unloading.

According to some reports, the ten-year-old Betelgeuse, owned by a subsidiary of the French Total oil company, did not have the inert gas system which is built into many newer tankers. Under this system, non-inflammable gases are pumped into the ship's oil tanks as they are emptied.

Apart from an Irish Government team, experts from Total and Gulf Oil, the owners of the terminal, are probing the disaster. The blast early yesterday morning was heard in Cork, 100 kms.

away. Fishermen and their families on Whiddy Island, where the jetty is located, fled in small boats as a wall of fire on the sea lit up the sky.

Betelgeuse, named after the brightest star in the constellation Orion, had unloaded two-thirds of her cargo of 120,000 tons when the disaster occurred. But the blaze did not reach the terminal's 18 storage tanks which currently hold half a million tons of oil.

Experts did not think oil supplies to Europe would be much affected as some European ports have now developed supertanker facilities.

But the disaster is bound to reopen the controversy over Bantay Bay, which was opposed from the start by environmentalists. There have been 24 oil spillages in seven years.

A Lloyds spokesman said it was very difficult to identify causes of an explosion, especially when a tanker was completely ripped apart. He said the most dangerous times were when the tanker was either discharging its cargo of oil or cleaning its tanks.

When a tanker was fully loaded it tended to be safe because the gas on top of the oil was too rich to explode. But when oil was being

## U.S. movie needs Elvis who can act

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 (R) — An international talent hunt was launched yesterday for an actor to star in what was described as the definitive film on Elvis Presley.

Besides being able to walk, talk and sing like the late pop singer, the man chosen will also have to do something Mr. Presley never was much good at — act.

Producers Saul Swimmer and William Cash hope to have their \$10 million film, "The King of Rock and Roll", in the cinemas by next Christmas.

The hunt for Elvis is to be concentrated in the United States — with one foray planned soon in London. "Who knows, we might wind up with a cockney playing Elvis," Mr. Cash said.

## World News Briefs

Beirut passerby shoots rapist dead

BEIRUT, Jan. 9 (R) — A man armed with a hand grenade, who robbed a young woman in a lift and was trying to rape her, was dead by a passing youth who heard her screams for help, reported. They said the girl's rescuer had been detained by rioting after the incident in a West Beirut building on the Security forces recently stepped up patrols to combat a rising wave in the predominantly Moslem west side of the city.

U.K. intellectual slams U.S. Government

LONDON, Jan. 9 (R) — British intellectual Paul Johnson attacked President Carter's administration as the weakest American government in living memory. Mr. Johnson, former editor of New Statesman magazine and a prolific author, commented in London Evening Standard: "Carter does not seem to be considered views about international affairs. Or rather, his views change with disconcerting facility. Like a cushion, the impression of the last person who has sat on him."

Convicted burglar flogged publicly in Iran

TEHRAN, Jan. 9 (R) — A man convicted of attempted burglary in an Islamic court has been publicly flogged in a town in west Iran, official Pars News Agency (PANA) said today. The case shadows the system of rule the exiled religious leader Ayatollah Khomeini wishes to establish in Iran. PANA, Ayatollah Sheikh Abdul-Rahman Haydari of Ilam as saying a tribunal composed of notables and religious men was set up people's request. The tribunal dealt with cases more quickly than ordinary courts, Ayatollah Haydari said, and was moving to building to cope with the increasing number of cases brought people.

### JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

HYSYL

TOCET

RAYPER

HEERIT

WHAT USUALLY HAPPENS WHEN PEOPLE MEET IN HASTE?

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as guessed by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

Yesterday's Jumble: BEFOG LIMBO ANYONE LIQUID  
Answer: What the dentist's favorite dish was — "FILING"

## U.K. scientists study survivor of attempted suicide by radiation

LONDON, Jan. 9 (R) — British scientists are studying a young man who tried to commit suicide by an overdose of radiation and survived with little apparent harm. The National Radiological Protection Board (NRPB) said yesterday.

"We would like to get a few more points on our graphs," an NRPB spokesman told Reuters. "We rarely find an individual with such a high exposure."

Graham Chester, 19, stole radioactive elements used in engineering from a firm near his northern England home in

Grimsby, placed them about his body, and lay down in a ditch.

He survived with little more than a rash, but the NRPB spokesman said he apparently absorbed 150 "rads" of radiation. International guidelines set an upper limit for radiation workers of about five rads per year.

Mr. Chester is now regularly donating blood to the NRPB, which is examining it to see how long the effects last. "I've been a blood donor for about four years so I won't mind giving more blood. I hope it helps the scientists," he told reporters.

# North Sea operators need cash

By Jeremy Morgan

LONDON: As the world considers the 14.5 per cent staged increase in OPEC's oil prices, the oil companies are now seeking out cash in help finance the second generation of oilfields in the North Sea.

There has been something of a lull in the flow of really big loans to the North Sea oil companies since the American giant, Occidental Petroleum, ventured onto the British offshore finance market to support investment in its Piper and Claymore fields in 1974-76.

But the suggestion now is that, with roughly a dozen new fields either already in the early stages of development or close to it, as much as £5bn. could be spent bringing these new offshore oil and gas reserves on stream during the next few years.

In the past, the cost of developing North Sea oil and gas fields has been met from two main sources — the oil companies' own cash reserves, and large medium or long term loans supplied by the major international banks.

The next batch of loans will be watched closely by oil industry observers for a number of good

business reasons. There is a long list of questions to which all concerned will be seeking answers.

Although much more is now known about the likely cost of developing the uncertain oil and gas prospects under the stormy waters of the North Sea, risk is still very much the name of the game.

For a start, it will be interesting to see just how much of that estimated £5bn. the oil companies are willing or able to provide from their own profits.

It is quite possible that the really huge companies which are already earning big money in the North Sea — Shell and Esso spring to mind straight away — may well choose to spend their own money.

But it is inconceivable that the banks will not be called on to stump up a large slice of the required cash, particularly as the development of at least some second generation oilfields is likely to get under way well before some existing fields have paid for themselves.

So the industry will be keen to learn the sort of terms the banks are prepared to give second generation oil field development — and how much finance the bankers are willing to provide.

Early fears that putting their

Although Britain is not a member of OPEC, that organisation's latest price increase means a boost for North Sea development. The oil giants are now looking for cash to exploit the second generation of offshore oilfields.

cash into North Sea oil development might prove too costly for the banks have obviously lessened over the years. To date, no bank is known to have lost on its North Sea lending, despite some expensive mistakes.

For instance, in October 1974, a £10m. steel platform jacket sank in the wrong place at Elf's Frigg gas field, had to be replaced by a converted concrete structure, and has so far not been recovered. But because of Norwegian Government demands, it will have to be removed sooner or later.

The most notable North Sea accident so far was the blow-out on Phillips' Bravo platform on the Ekofisk field in April 1976. It is suggested that the full cost of this

incident, including lost oil production, may well have been in excess of \$100m.

In addition, the cost of developing new oilfields has escalated rapidly in recent years. It now seems that most of the biggest and most profitable fields have already been developed. So the oil companies and their bankers face the prospect of much tighter profit margins — and the distinct possibility of not making any money out of their investment, or even losing part of their initial stake.

In the early days, the banks were encouraged to forget their caution by the British Government, through a system of loan guarantees for smaller operators along with incentives to improve

likely profit margins at the more doubtful fields.

It seems that oil companies should not run into too many snags finding finance for new fields, providing these fields are regarded as commercial, and just as importantly, have secured government permission for development to go ahead.

Recent reports suggest that the efforts to find cash for two fields in particular will attract a lot of attention during the next couple of months.

The first of these is the Beatrice field, just 12 miles off the Scottish coast in the Moray Firth, which is being developed by a consortium led by Mesa Petroleum of the U.S.

According to a recent issue of the Financial Times North Sea Letter, Mesa is now expected to sign a loan agreement for about \$125m. for Beatrice. Other members of the group have either signed letters of commitment or are now seeking loans to pay their share of the costs.

Beatrice field financings could amount to \$500m. or more when completed, and as such would be the largest group of loans ever made on a British oil field on a limited or non-recourse basis. Yet only a couple of years ago many

oilmen — let alone bankers — regarded the first Moray Firth oil discoveries as rather unpromising.

The other deal which is thought likely to see the light of day before long is a suggested \$500m. to help finance the Tartan field, operated by the U.S. oil group, Texaco. Up to twelve banks, half of them British, half American, could sign a deal with Texaco within a few months, it is said.

Looking further ahead, the expectation now is that negotiations should start fairly soon on the financing of two further U.K. fields — Maureen, operated by Phillips, and Pan Ocean's Brae field.

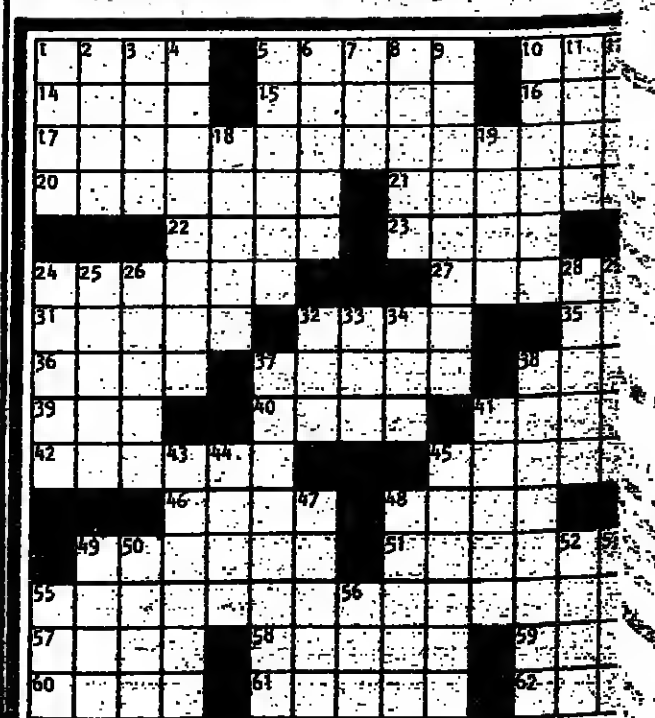
However, although the banks have realised that these new prospects are unlikely to be anywhere near as profitable as earlier fields such as Piper and Forties, it has yet to become clear whether or not they will attach tough conditions to new loans. For the moment, they seem prepared to compete pretty sharply with each other for a slice of the oil companies' business.

FINANCIAL TIMES  
NEWS-FEATURES

## THE Daily Crossword by Stanley W

ACROSS	27	Sore to the touch	49	Shrimp dish	19	Shab	
1	"No man — island"	31	Sour substances	51	One who transfers property	24	Nocturnal
5	Kind of drum	32	Woodwind	56	French dynasty	25	Piemont
10	Rigging support	35	Eggs	57	Gehenna	26	Acropolis
14	Takeout order words	36	Small horse	58	Occurrence	28	Somerset
15	Pied —	37	Entireties	59	Arthurian lady	29	Get in from
16	Voice	38	Dockworker's union: abbr.	60	Elfin	30	African
17	King of the Franks	40	Following	61	Stupid	31	need
20	Body substance	41	Valerie	62	Partners of dashes	32	Sing
21	Bad actor	42	Harper role			33	Bel
22	Flint artifact	45	Spa	DOWN		34	Dish
23	Bog	46	More expensive	1	Yearning	37	Not
24	Comor's game	48	Members of SSA	2	London district	38	Set a street
		49	Straw	3	Chinese goddess	41	Var
				4	Jouen's region	43	Died
				5	Disburses	44	Itali
				6	Japanese-American	45	Wid
				7	Inclined	47	Str
				8	Make a new bottom	48	Has
				9	Recluses	49	NY s
				10	Wessex's kin	50	Sma
				11	Nautical word	51	Boy
				12	Celebrity	52	Stee
				13	Child	53	Cinc
				14	Name of French kings	54	sear
						55	BAV
						56	Knor
							cour

UTAH	REDO	ABET
TOBE	BAARS	BRAG
ORACIA	FRONT	ALMA
SOLAR	PORT	HAIT
GIANT	BAIK	
BERNIA	SPANNER	
MOBA	MEPHY	ODA
INERY	VITI	SHOGS
CIA	HUANA	ISSE
KARAPOS	ELIMATED	
ORLEANS	BRACE	
DRENDER	BARAPPE	
WROD	BREAKFASTS	
SEAT	YUGCA	TEAS
KEYS	ATER	RAIS



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